

PREDICTING MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE GENERATION IN ANDORRA WITH SYSTEM DYNAMICS MODELLING

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OUTLINE

1. INTRODUCTION

- Modelling MSW generation
- State of Art
- Study case context: Andorra

2. METHODOLOGY

3. RESULTS

- Scenarios

4. CONCLUSIONS

1. MODELLING MSW GENERATION

Why? - Utility

- Waste management planning
- To achieve accurate and reliable waste information

-Municipal waste collection system

-Land demand for landfilling waste

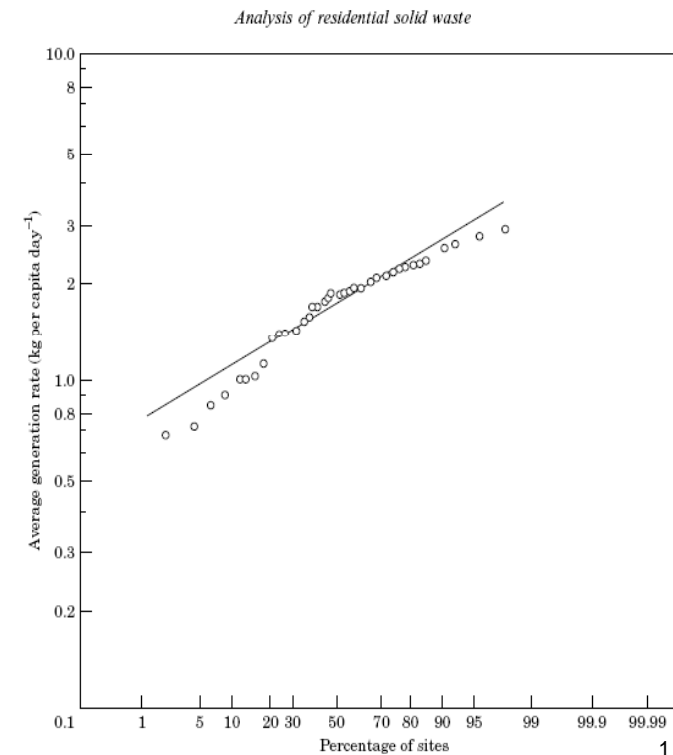
- Incinerators capacity evaluation



1. MODELLING MSW GENERATION

Traditional statistical forecasting methods

- Time analysis correlation
- Regression analysis

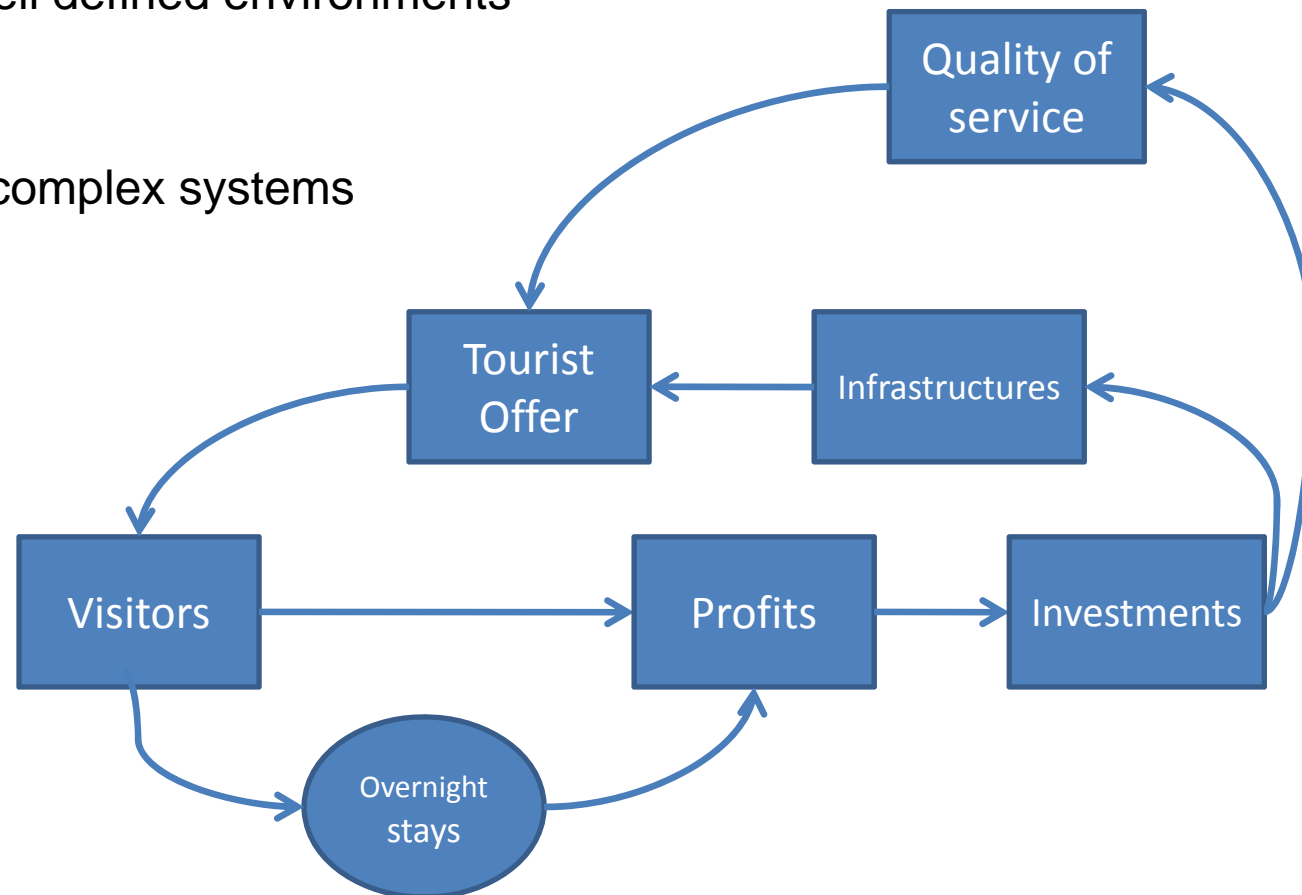


High quantity and quality data required

1. MODELLING MSW GENERATION

System Dynamics Modelling

- Fuzzy, not-well defined environments
- Limited data
- Large-scale complex systems
- Causal loops

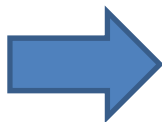


1. MODELLING MSW GENERATION

SD Modelling examples

MSW generation in San Antonio ¹

Waste generation, collection
capacity and electricity in Dhaka ²



Based on economic and demographic information

1. Dyson, B., Chang, N.-B., "Forecasting municipal solid waste generation in a fast-growing urban region with system dynamics modeling." *Waste Management* 25 (7), 669-679, (2005).

2. Sufian, M.A., Bala B.K., "Modeling of urban solid waste management system: The case of Dhaka city." *Waste Management*, 27(7), 858-868, (2007).

1. CASE STUDY CONTEXT - ANDORRA

Independent Principality

Population: 84.484 inhabitants

Area: 468 km²

Pyrenees

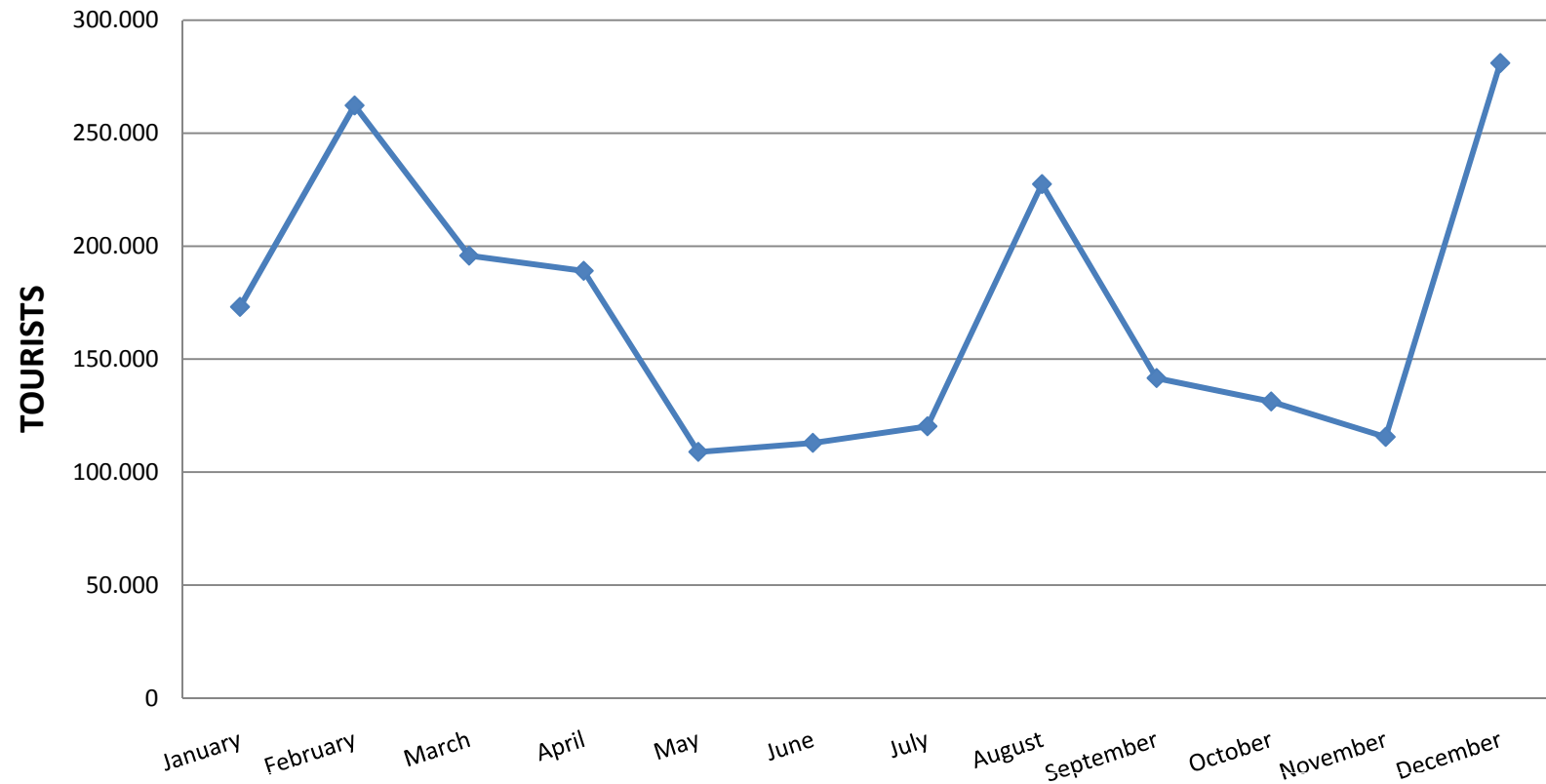
Tourism main economic activity

10.193.749 visitors in 2008



1. CASE STUDY CONTEXT - ANDORRA

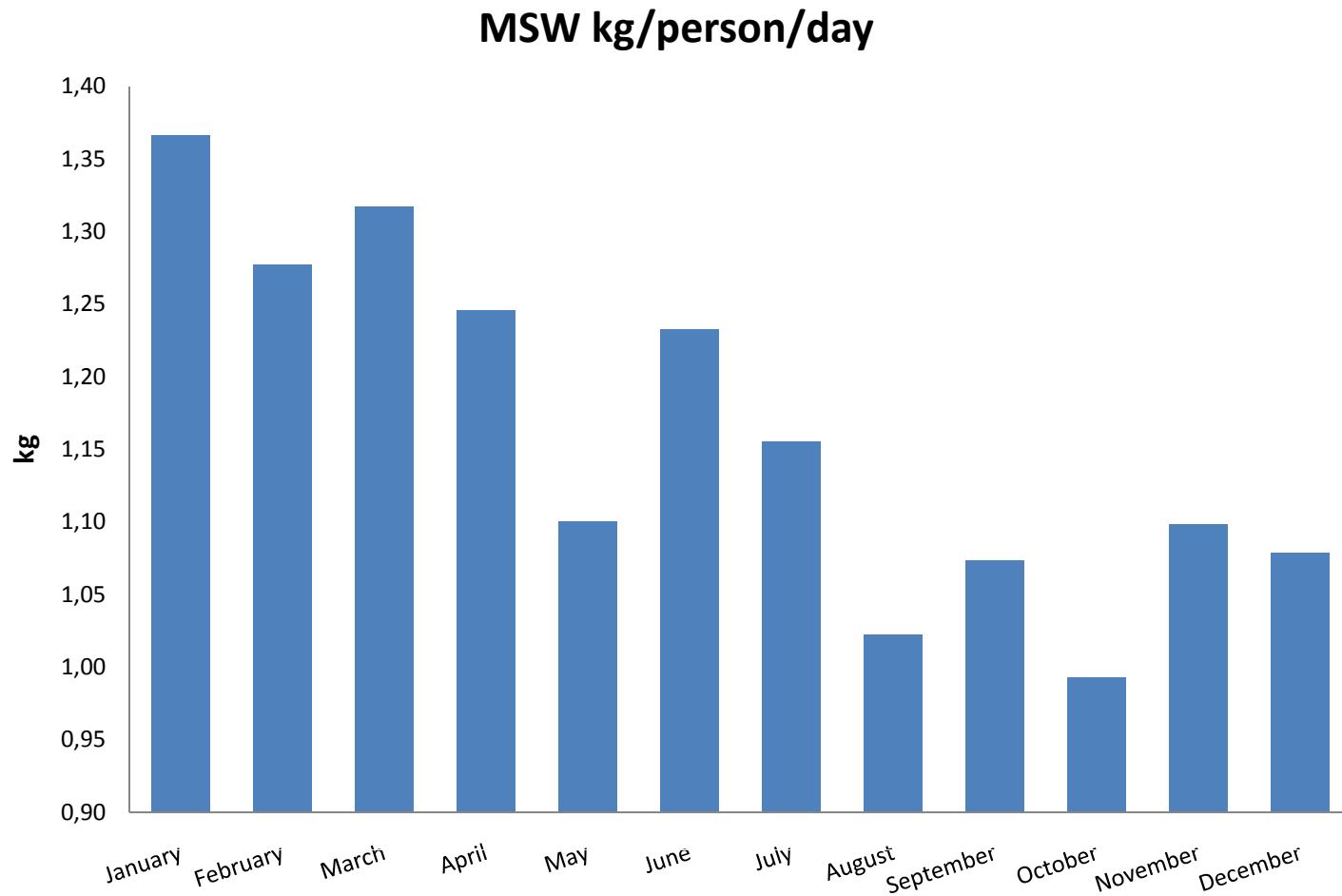
Tourists 2008



Data source: Tourism Department of Andorran Government



1. CASE STUDY CONTEXT - ANDORRA



Data source: Environmental Department of Andorran Government

1. MSW GENERATION ON TOURISTIC AREAS

Balearic Islands:

MSW Generation /person /day

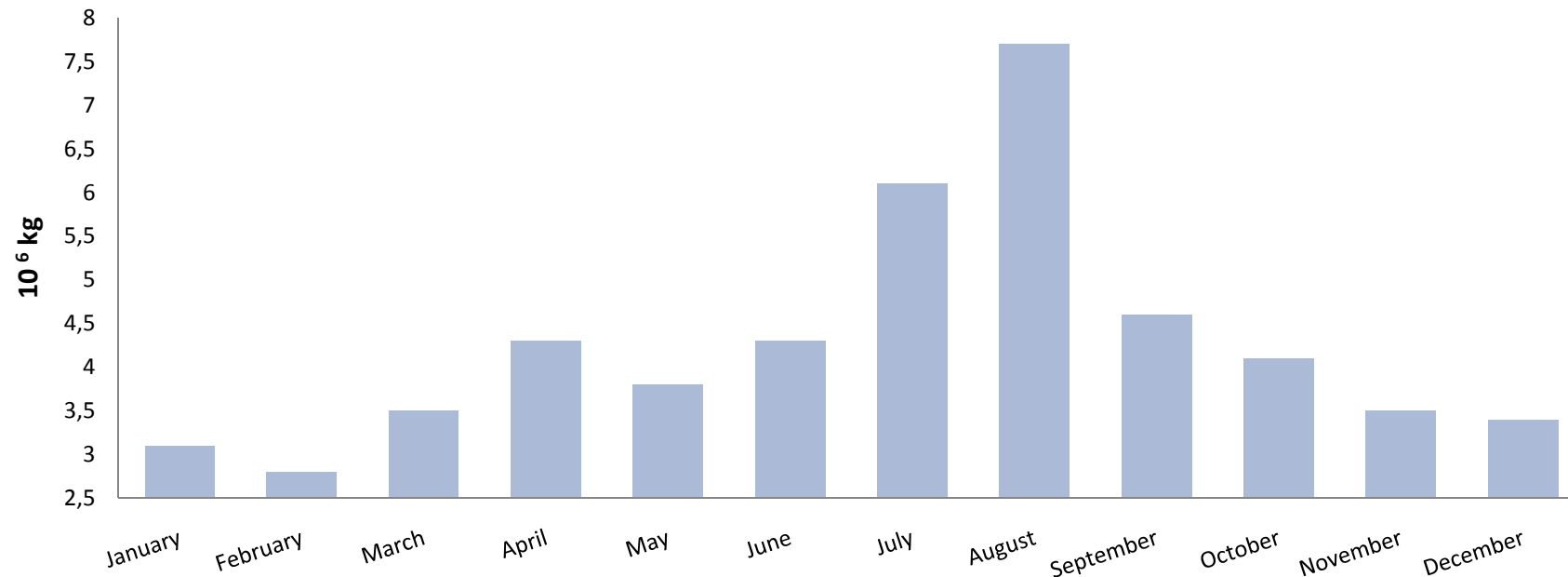
Winter → 1,5 kg

Summer → 2,5 kg



1. MSW GENERATION ON TOURISTIC AREAS

TORREVIEJA URBAN WASTE 2001 ¹



High impact of visitors flows on waste generation



Lack of models integrating visitors influence

1. J.F. Vera Rebollo and J.A. Ivars Baidal, "Measuring Sustainability in a Mass Tourist Destination: Pressures, Perceptions and Policy Responses in Torre Vieja, Spain." *Journal of Sustainable Tourism*, 11, 181-203, (2003).

2. METHODOLOGY

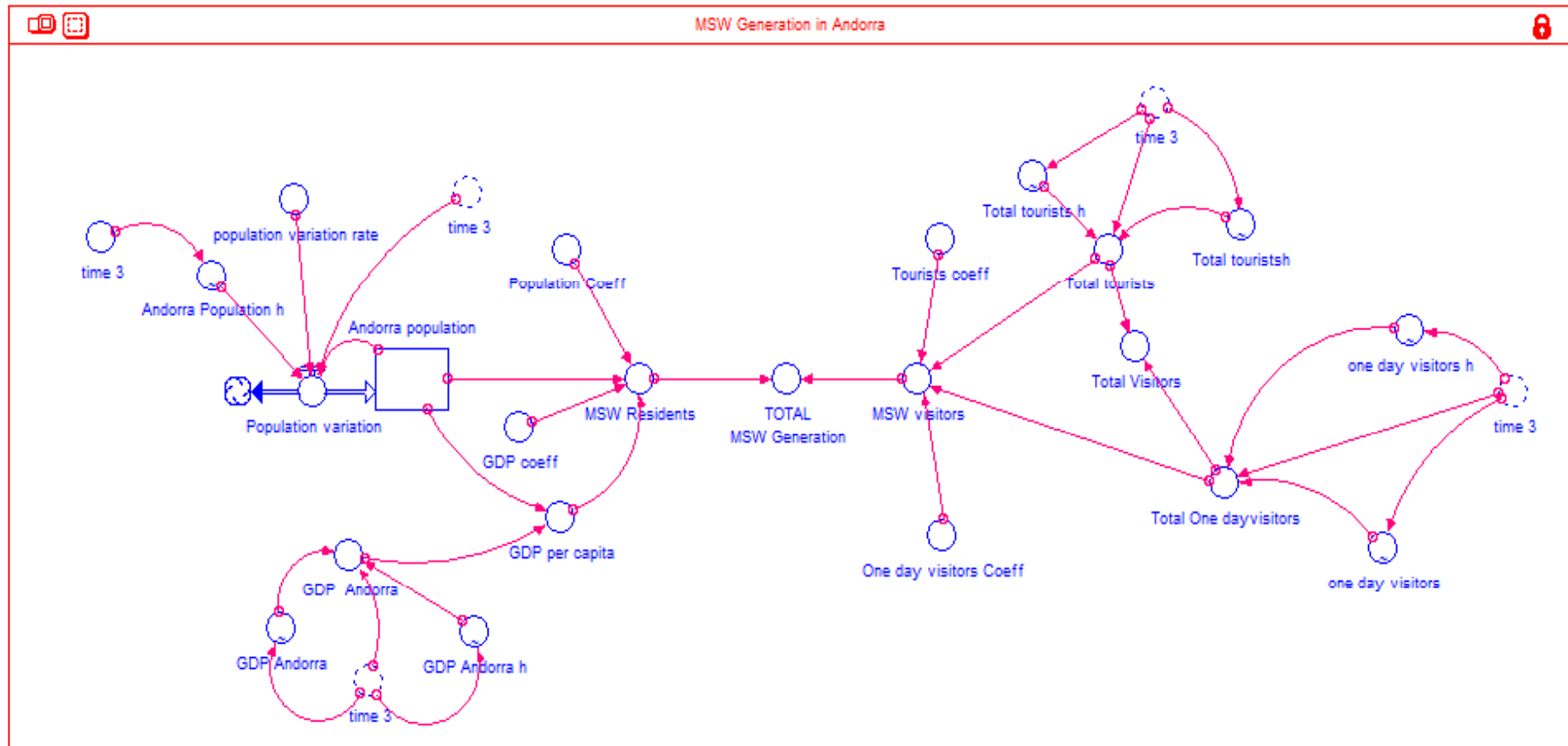
Model tackling with:

- Data scarcity
- Importance of visitors flows

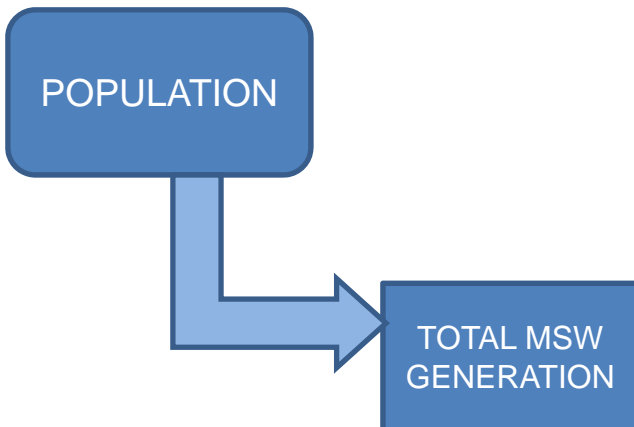
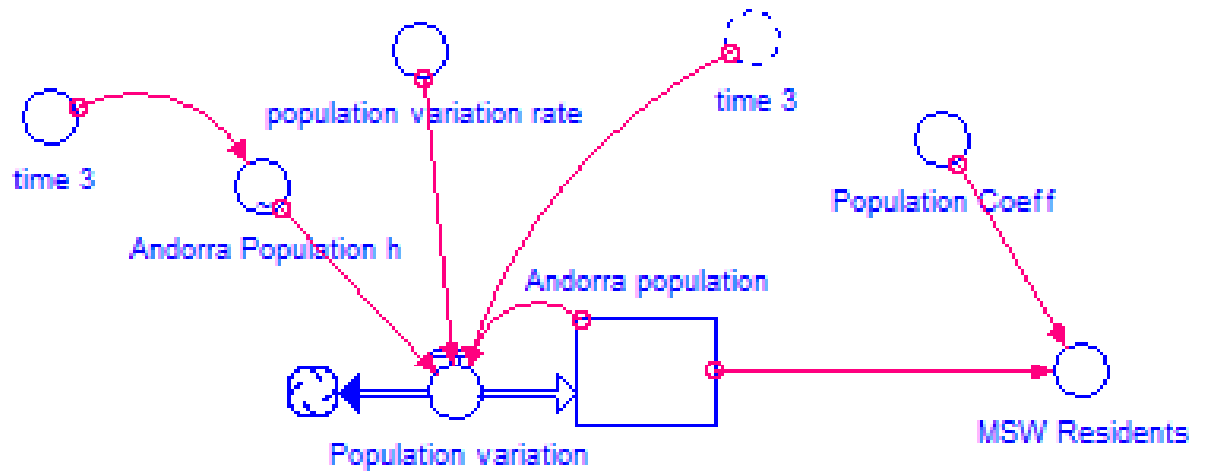
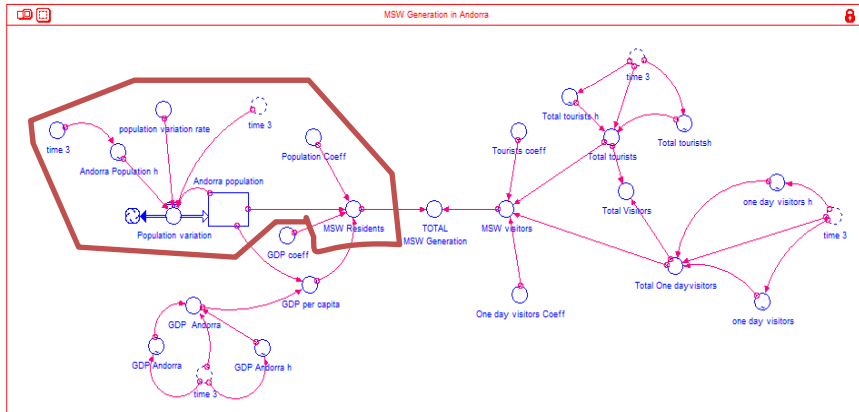
SD based on:

- Economic
- Demographic
- Visitors flows

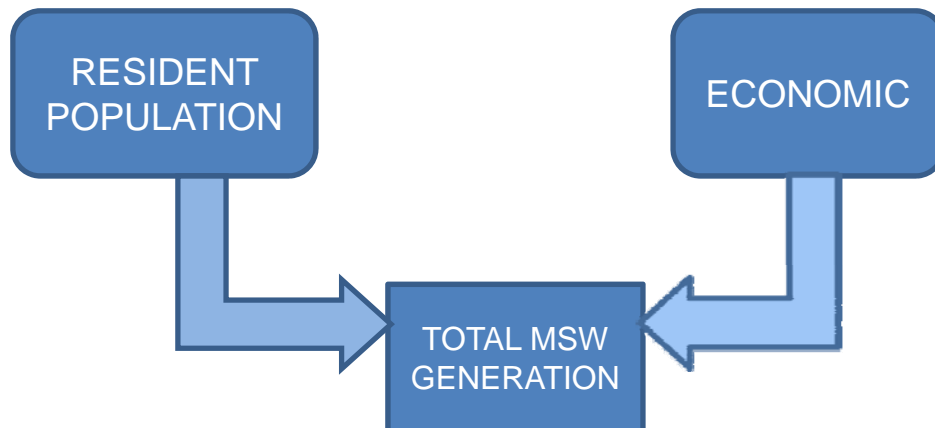
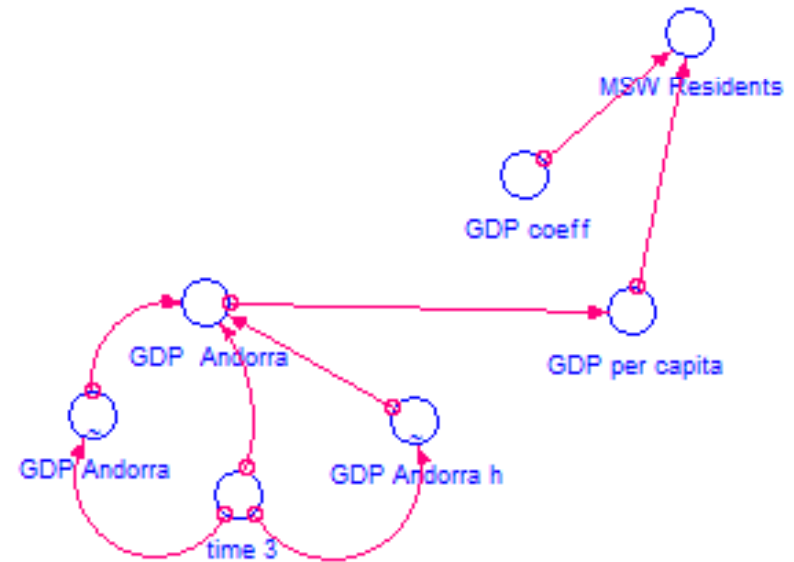
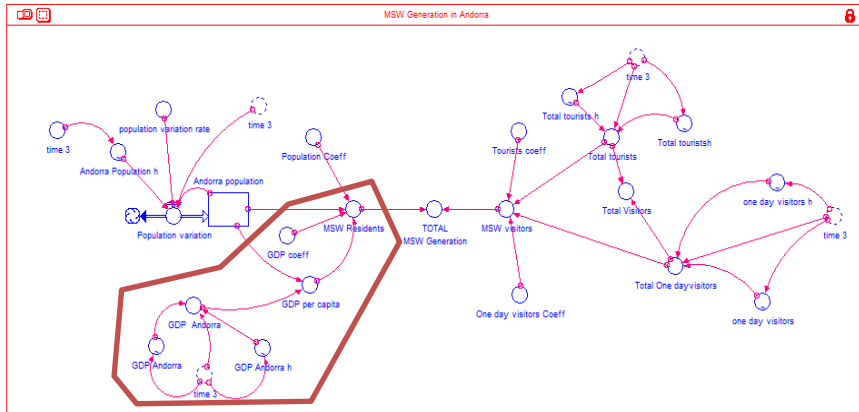
2. METHODOLOGY: DYNAMICS SYSTEMS MODEL



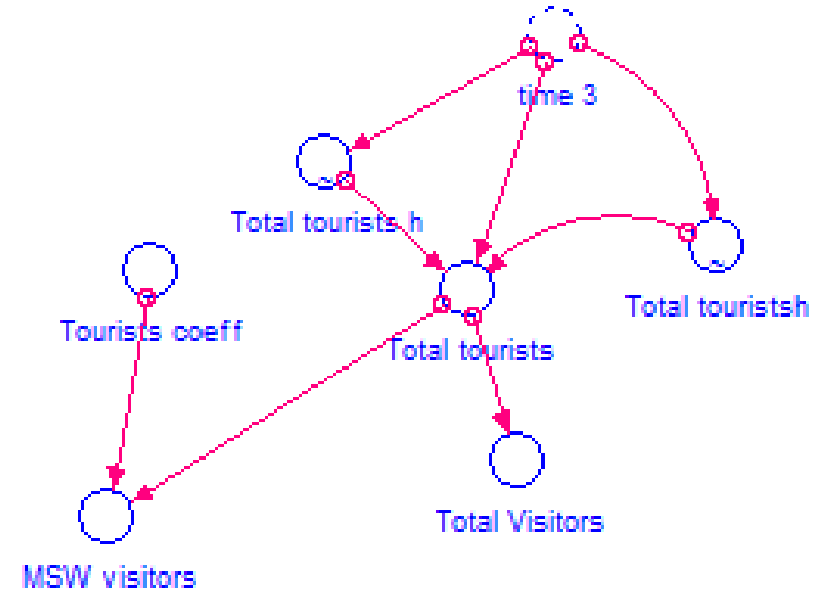
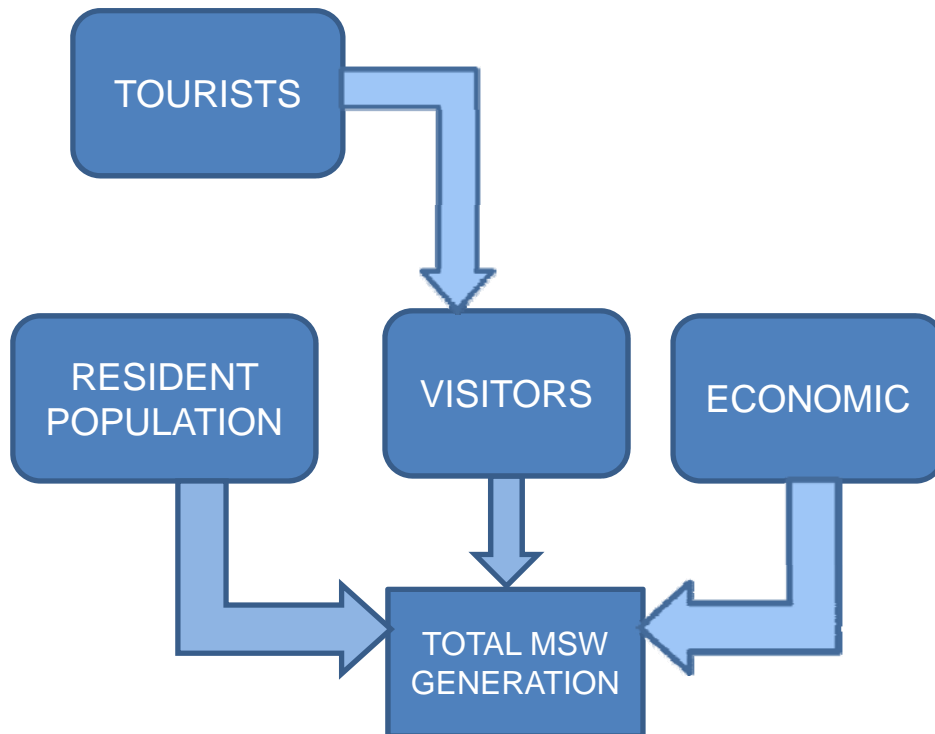
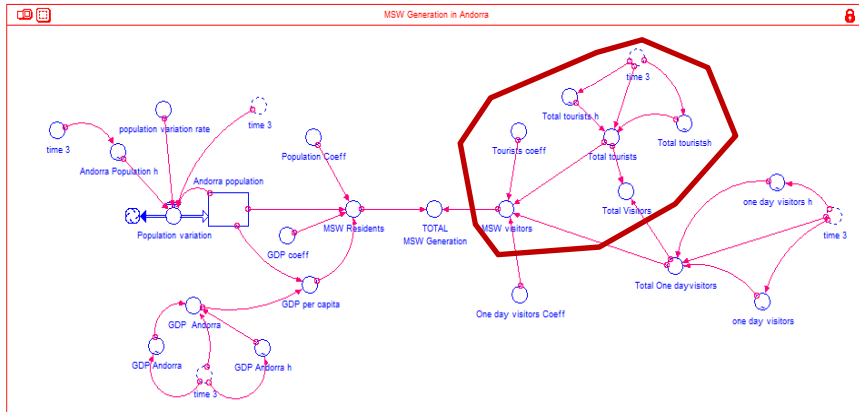
2. METHODOLOGY: POPULATION



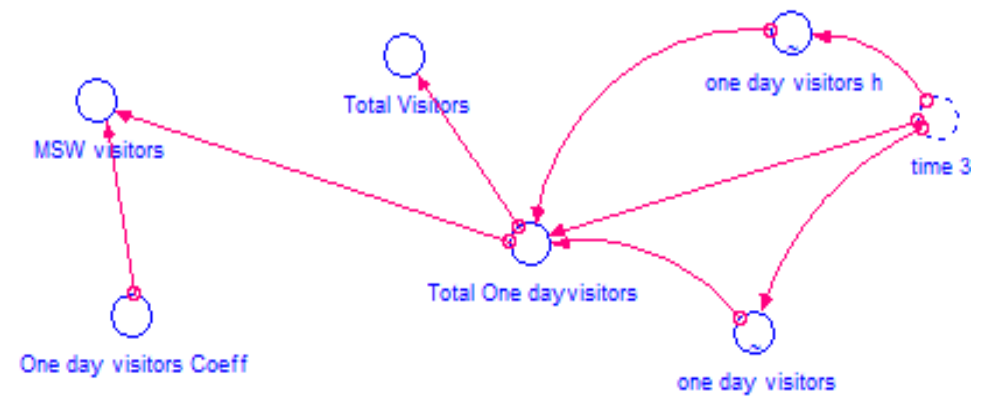
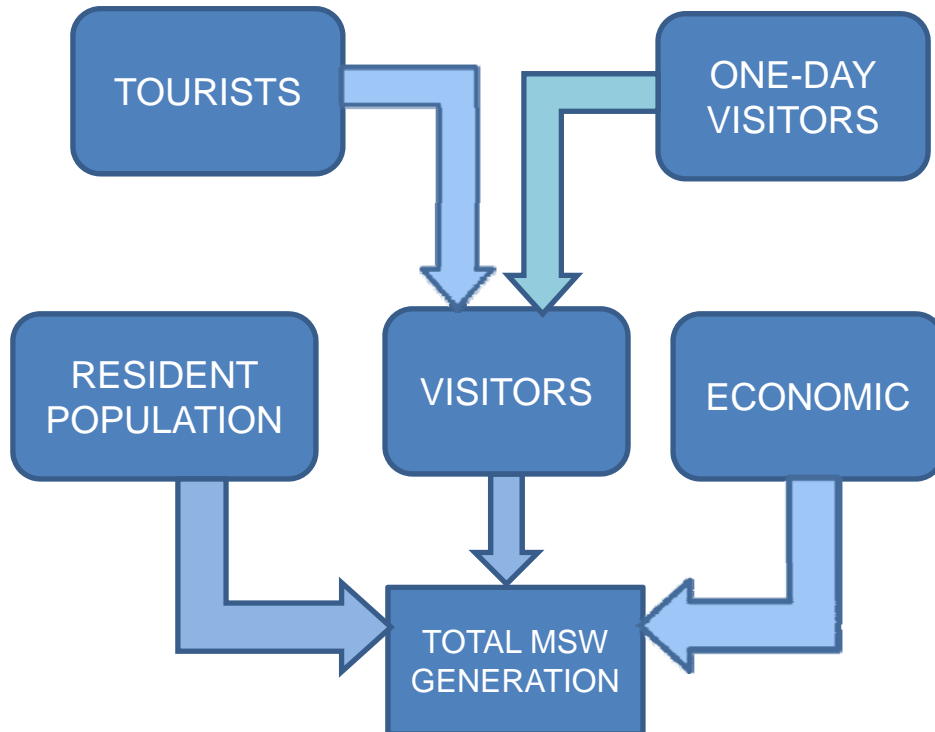
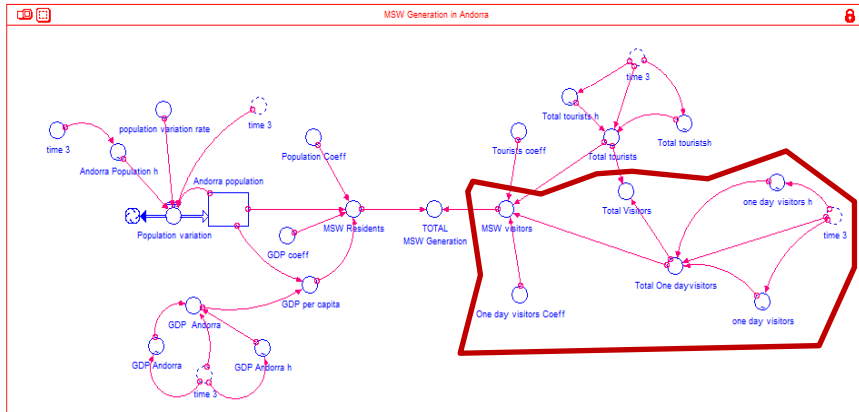
2. METHODOLOGY: GDP



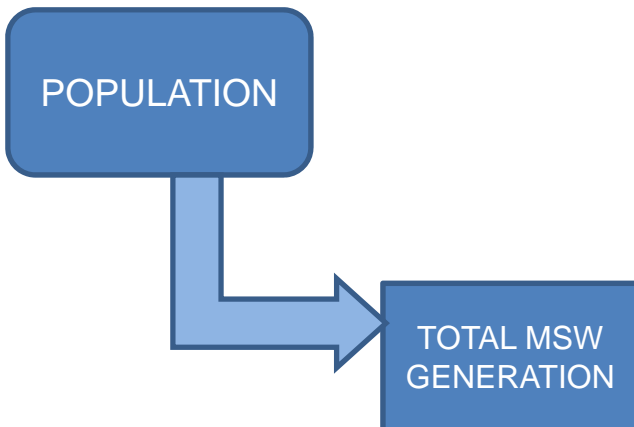
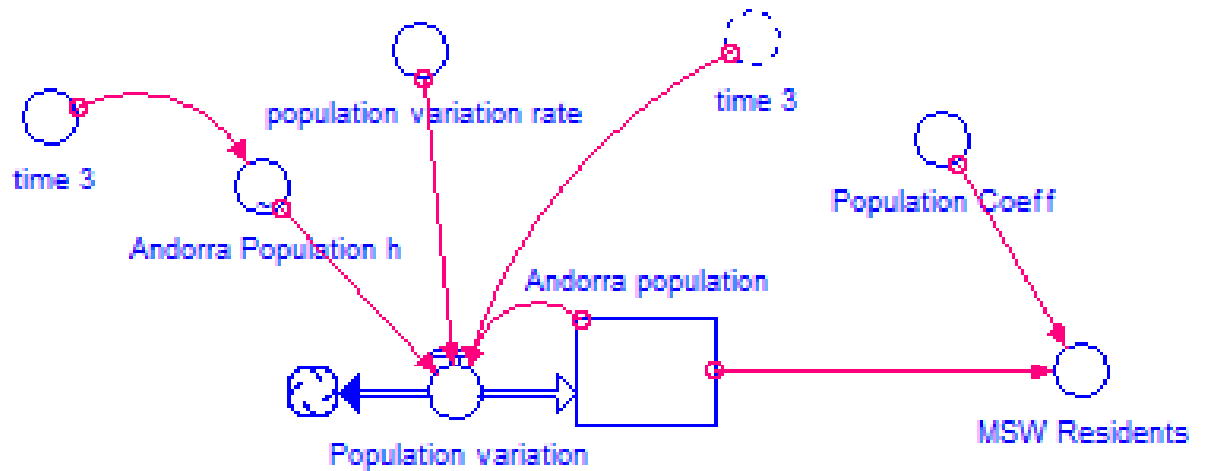
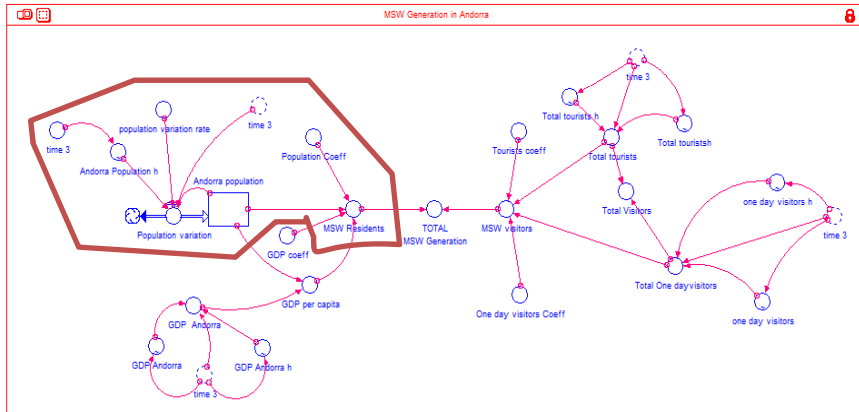
2. METHODOLOGY: TOURISTS



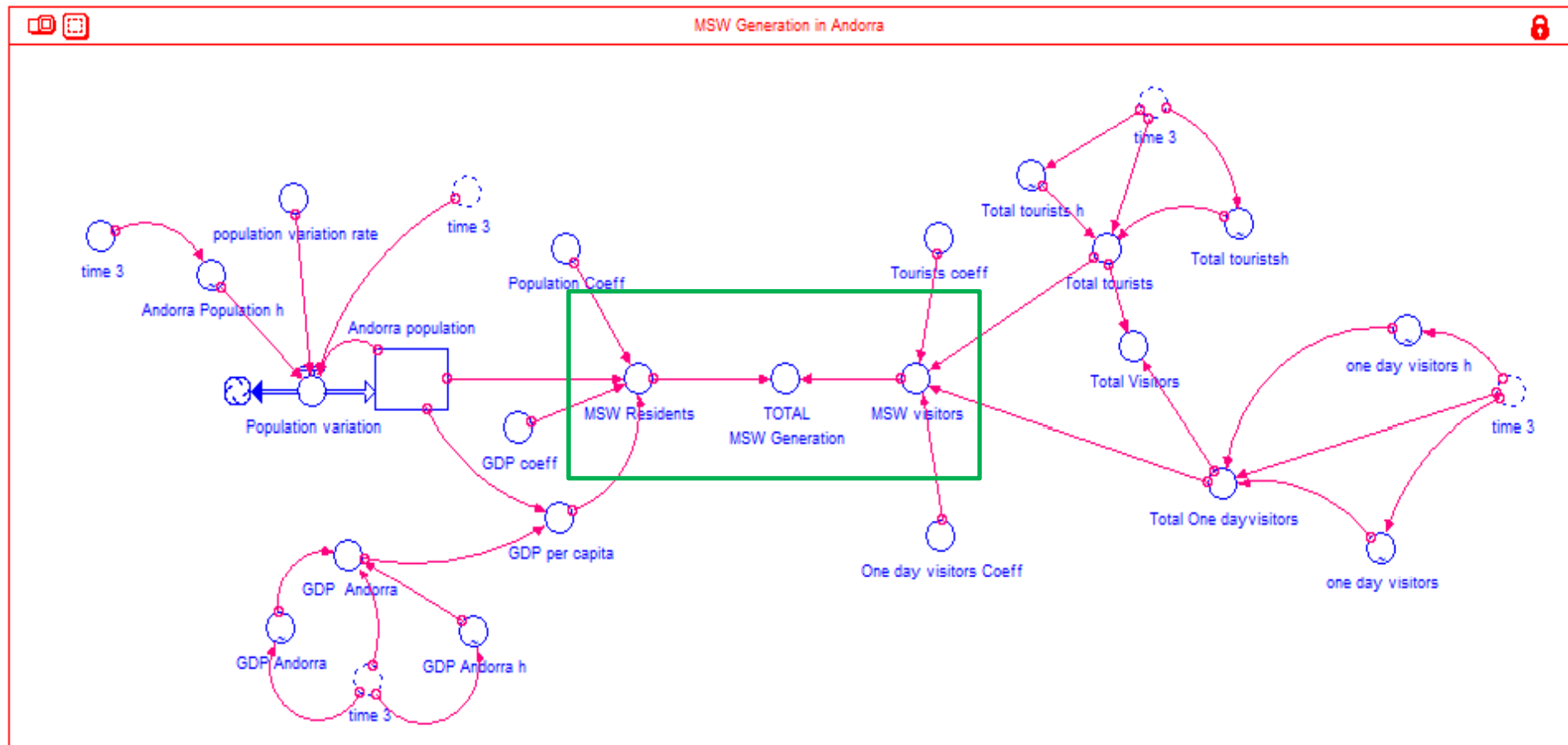
2. METHODOLOGY: TOURISTS



2. METHODOLOGY: POPULATION



2. METHODOLOGY: DYNAMICS SYSTEMS MODEL



3. RESULTS: SCENARIOS

AS USUAL SCENARIO

HYPOTHESIS:

Annual variation rate of variables

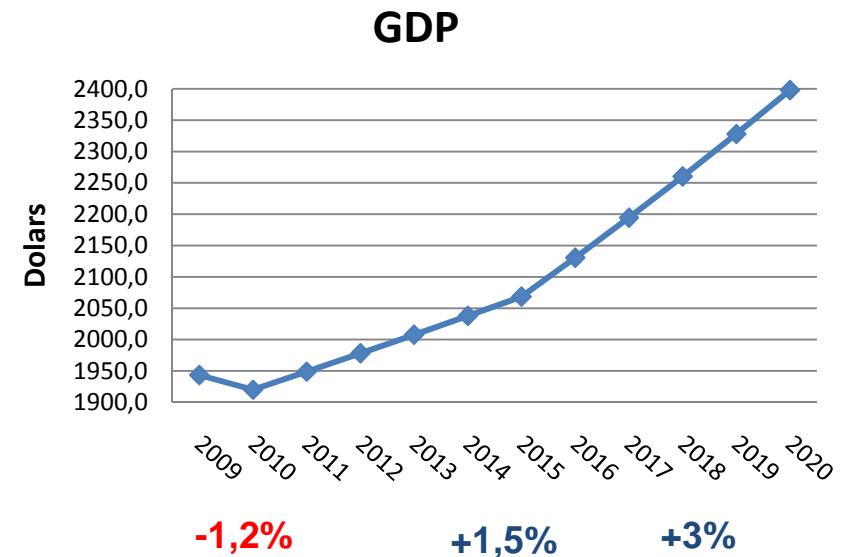
POPULATION → + 1 %

GDP

TOURISTS → - 1,7 %

ONE DAY VISITORS

→ - 1,3 %



4. CONCLUSIONS

- SD Model integrating demographic and economic parameters as well as tourist flows
- Correlation between visitor flows and MSW generation
- Compulsory when studying tourist destinations

FURTHER WORK

- To validate the model
- To model the recovering energy capacity
- To collaborate with local administrations

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for a fellowship

and **ALL OF YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!!**